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## PATENT APPLICATION

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of

Docket No: Q67231

Tomohiro NAKATA, et al.

Appln. No.: 10/014,516

Group Art Unit: 3654

Confirmation No.: 3587

Examiner: Sang K. KIM

Filed: December 14, 2001

For: METHOD OF AND APPARATUS FOR WINDING WEB

# PETITION FOR WITHDRAWAL OF HOLDING OF ABANDONMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.181

#### MAIL STOP PETITION

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

The undersigned, on behalf of applicant, in accordance with the requirements of 37 C.F.R. § 1.181 and MPEP §711.03(c)(I), hereby petitions the Commissioner requesting withdrawal of the holding of abandonment of the above identified application. The application was abandoned for allegedly not responding to the Office Action dated May 12, 2005.

However, an Amendment under 37 C.F.R. § 1.111 was timely filed on August 11, 2005.

Submitted herewith are the following documents:

- 1. Copy of the Amendment Under 37 C.F.R. §1.111 filed August 11, 2005.
- 2. Copy of a date stamped filing receipt acknowledging filed Amendment of August 11, 2005.
- 3. Copy of the Notice of Abandonment mailed December 13, 2005.

Petition For Withdrawal of Holding of Abandonment

U.S. Application No. 10/014,516

Attorney Docket No. Q67231

In view of the above it is respectfully submitted that the application should not have been

abandoned and the Commissioner is petitioned to withdraw the holding of abandonment.

It is believed that no fee is due. However, the USPTO is directed and authorized to

charge all required fees to Deposit Account No. 19-4880. If it is deemed that this Petition should

have been filed as a Petition under 37 C.F.R. § 1.137, then the USPTO is requested to treat this

Petition as such and charge the requisite fees to the above Deposit Account. Please also credit

any overpayments to said Deposit Account. A duplicate copy of this transmittal letter is

attached.

Respectfully submitted,

Daniel V. Williams

Registration No. 45,221

SUGHRUE MION, PLLC

Telephone: (202) 293-7060

Facsimile: (202) 293-7860

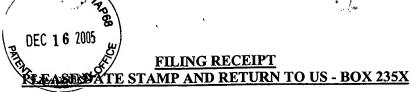
WASHINGTON OFFICE

23373

CUSTOMER NUMBER

Date: December 16, 2005

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In re application of

Tomohiro NAKATA, et al.

Appln. No.: 10/014,516

Confirmation No.: 3587

Filed: December 14, 2001

For: METHOD OF AND APPARATUS FOR WINDING WEI

PAPER(S) FILED ENTITLED:

1. Amendment Under 37 C.F.R. §1.111

2. Request for Refund (in duplicate)

SUGHRUE MION, PLLC

Telephone: (202) 293-7060

Facsimile: (202) 293-7860

WASHINGTON OFFICE 23373

CUSTOMER NUMBER

Group Art Unit: 3654

Examiner: Sang K. KIM

DOCKET NO.: Q67231

ATTORNEY/SEC: PFN/DVW/ms

Date Filed: August 11, 2005



## PATENT APPLICATION

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of

Docket No: Q67231

Tomohiro NAKATA, et al.

Appln. No.: 10/014,516

Group Art Unit: 3654

Confirmation No.: 3587

Examiner: Sang K. KIM

Filed: December 14, 2001

For:

METHOD OF AND APPARATUS FOR WINDING WEB

#### AMENDMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.111

#### MAIL STOP AMENDMENT

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

In response to the Office Action dated May 12, 2005, please amend the above-identified application as follows on the accompanying pages.

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

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### **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

#### **LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

1. (previously presented): A method of winding a web around a core at a high speed, comprising the steps of:

winding the web to a given length around the core under a low tension, then progressively increasing the tension of the web at a gradual predetermined rate until reaching a high tension, and thereafter winding the web under a tension which is being reduced from the high tension.

- 2. (previously presented): The method according to claim 1, wherein said given length to which the web is wound around the core under the low tension is longer if the core is longer and shorter if the core is shorter.
- 3. (previously presented): The method according to claim 1, wherein said given length to which the web is wound around the core under the low tension is set to a value up to 15 % of the length to which the web is to be wound.
- 4. (previously presented): A method of winding a web around a core at a high speed, comprising the steps of:

winding the web to a given length, which corresponds to the length of the core, around the core under a low tension, then gradually increasing the tension of the web to a high

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tension, and thereafter winding the web under a tension which is being reduced from the high tension.

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- 5. (previously presented): The method according to claim 4, wherein said given length to which the web is wound around the core under the low tension is longer if the core is longer and shorter if the core is shorter.
- 6. (previously presented): The method according to claim 4, wherein said given length to which the web is wound around the core under the low tension is set to a value up to 15 % of the length to which the web is to be wound.
  - 7-8. (canceled).
- 9. (previously presented): An apparatus for winding a web around a core at a high speed, comprising:

winding tension storing means for storing a winding tension corresponding to the length to which the web is wound around the core;

torque converting means for reading said winding tension from said winding tension storing means and converting the read winding tension into a winding torque; and core rotation control means for controlling rotation of the core according to said winding torque;

said winding tension being set so as to wind the web to a given length around the core under a low tension, then progressively increase the tension of the web at a predetermined gradual rate until reaching a high tension, and thereafter wind the web under a tension which is being reduced from the high tension.

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10. (previously presented): The apparatus according to claim 9, including simultaneously winding a plurality of webs around respective cores, wherein said winding tension storage means comprises means for storing winding tensions of the respective webs, and said core rotation control means comprises means for independently controlling rotation of the cores respectively according to said winding torques corresponding to said winding tensions.

11. (previously presented): An apparatus for winding a web around a core at a high speed, comprising:

winding tension storing means for storing a winding tension corresponding to the length to which the web is wound around the core;

torque converting means for reading said winding tension from said winding tension storing means and converting the read winding tension into a winding torque; and

core rotation control means for controlling rotation of the core according to said winding torque;

said winding tension being set so as to wind the web to a given length, which corresponds to the length of the core, around the core under a low tension, then gradually increase the tension of the web to a high tension, and thereafter wind the web under a tension which is being reduced from the high tension.

12. (previously presented): The apparatus according to claim 11, including simultaneously winding a plurality of webs around respective cores, wherein said winding tension storing means comprises means for storing winding tensions of the respective webs, and said core rotation control means comprises means for independently controlling rotation of the cores respectively according to said winding torques corresponding to said winding tensions.

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13-17. (canceled).

18. (new): The method according to claim 1, wherein the progressively increasing of the tension at the gradual predetermined rate is done by increasing a winding speed of the web.

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- 19. (new): The method according to claim 4, wherein the gradually increasing of the tension is done by increasing a winding speed of the web.
- 20. (new): The apparatus according to claim 9, wherein a winding speed of the web is increased during a period that the tension of said web is progressively increased to said high tension.
- 21. (new): The apparatus according to claim 11, wherein a winding speed of the web is increased during a period that the tension of said web is gradually increased to said high tension.

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REMARKS

Claims 1-6 and 9-12 are pending in the application. Claims 7, 8 and 13-17 are withdrawn

from consideration and are hereby cancelled. Claims 1-6 and 9-12 are rejected.

35 U.S.C. § 103:

Claims 1-6 and 9-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Yamauchi et al. (U.S. Patent 4,880,175 [hereinaster "Yamauchi"]) in view of Kataoka (U.S.

Patent 4,238,084).

Method claims 1 and 4 are directed to winding a web around a core at a high speed. A

feature of claims 1 and 4 is that the web is wound under a low tension, then the tension is

gradually increased to a high tension and, thereafter, the web is wound under a tension which is

reduced from the high tension. Independent claims 9 and 11 are drawn to an apparatus for

winding a web around a core and include features similar to claims 1 and 4 in regard to the web

tension.

Applicant points out that Figure 16 of Yamauchi shows tension that is increased from T0

to T1, gradually increased from T1 to T3, and then decreased from T3 to T5. In contrast, in an

exemplary embodiment of the present invention, as shown in the lower portion of Fig. 3, the

tension is constant at a low level until T4. The tension is increased from T4 to T5, and then

decreased from T5 to T9. Accordingly, the way in which the tension changes in Yamauchi

differs from that of the present invention.

Moreover, Applicant respectfully submits that the relied on graph of Yamauchi (i.e.,

Figure 16) that represents yarn tension, along with Figs. 17 and 18, which respectively illustrate

a nipping force and yarn speed, are specifically directed to the way that "yarn" is removed from a

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feed bobbin. In particular, the yarn is removed in a direction which is substantially parallel to an axial direction of the feed bobbin, as shown in Figure 7 of Yamauchi. As noted in col. 9, lines 60-68 of Yamauchi, when the yarn is released from the bobbin, the <u>yarn</u> will have a particular tension which, for example, tends to "abruptly increase" when reaching a final point.

With this in mind, Applicant points out to the Examiner that if one were to utilize the applied "sheets" of Kataoka (which are different from yarn) in the device of Yamauchi, the sheets would not necessarily have the same tension characteristics as the yarn. Further, the sheets of Kataoka would presumably not be wound around the 102 bobbin and removed along an axial direction in the same manner as the yarn shown in Fig. 7 of Yamauchi.

Accordingly, Applicant submits that the references do not provide the requisite teaching to suggest that if the device of Yamauchi were used to wind a "sheet," as opposed to "yarn," similar results would be obtained. This is because Yamauchi is disclosed as being particularly used for yarn, and there is no teaching or suggestion that would have led one to believe that such tension aspects would also be found when unwinding a "sheet" from a roll, as would be appreciated by one skilled in the art.

Thus, Applicant believes that the Examiner will appreciated that the combination of Yamauchi and Kataoka would not have taught or suggested each feature found in independent claims 1, 4, 11 and 9, such that the rejection thereof under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) should be withdrawn. The rejection of dependent claims 2, 3, 5, 6, 10 and 12 should also be withdrawn at least by virtue of their respective dependencies upon the independent claims.

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**NEW CLAIMS**:

Applicant adds new claims 18-21 to further define that the tension is increased by

increasing a winding speed of the web. New claims 18-21 are readable on the elected species

and are not taught or suggested by the applied references. For example, as shown in Fig. 16 of

Yamauchi, the Examiner relies on section T1-T3 to represent a period of increased tension.

However, as shown in Fig. 18 of Yamauchi, the speed of the yarn in section T1-T3 is not

increased. On the contrary, the speed is maintained constant throughout section T1-T3.

In view of the above, reconsideration and allowance of this application are now believed

to be in order, and such actions are hereby solicited. If any points remain in issue which the

Examiner feels may be best resolved through a personal or telephone interview, the Examiner is

kindly requested to contact the undersigned at the telephone number listed below.

The USPTO is directed and authorized to charge all required fees, except for the Issue

Fee and the Publication Fee, to Deposit Account No. 19-4880. Please also credit any

overpayments to said Deposit Account.

Respectfully submitted,

Registration No. 45,221

SUGHRUE MION, PLLC

Telephone: (202) 293-7060

Facsimile: (202) 293-7860

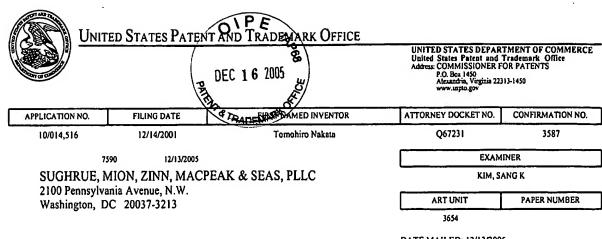
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CUSTOMER NUMBER

Date: August 11, 2005

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DATE MAILED: 12/13/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		•		
	OIPE	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Notice of Abandon	ment	\10/014,516 Examiner	NAKATA ET AL.	
Notice of Abandon	DEC 16 2005	Examiner	Art Unit	
	By A	SANG KIM	3654	
The MAILING DATE of this	compunication opp	ears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence add	ress-
This application is abandoned in view of				
Applicant's failure to timely file a pr     (a)    A reply was received on     period for reply (including a tota	(with a Certificate of Note of the least of	Mailing or Transmission date month(s)) which exp	ed), which is after the e ired on	
(b) A proposed reply was received				
(A proper reply under 37 CFR 1 application in condition for allow Continued Examination (RCE) i	ance; (2) a timely filed	Notice of Appeal (with app		
(c) ☐ A reply was received on final rejection. See 37 CFR 1.8				, to the non-
(d) No reply has been received.				
Applicant's failure to timely pay the from the mailing date of the Notice			ole, within the statutory period o	of three months
(a) The issue fee and publication), which is after the expira Allowance (PTOL-85).			a Certificate of Mailing or Tra ue fee (and publication fee) se	
(b) The submitted fee of \$ is	insufficient. A balance	e of \$ is due.		
The issue fee required by 37	CFR 1.18 is \$	The publication fee, if requi	red by 37 CFR 1.18(d), is \$	<b>_</b> •
(c) $\square$ The issue fee and publication fe	e, if applicable, has n	ot been received.		
<ol> <li>Applicant's failure to timely file corre Allowability (PTO-37).</li> </ol>	ected drawings as requ	uired by, and within the thre	e-month period set in, the Noti	ce of
(a) ☐ Proposed corrected drawings we after the expiration of the period		_ (with a Certificate of Maili	ng or Transmission dated	_), which is
(b) ☐ No corrected drawings have be	en received.			
<ul> <li>I. ☐ The letter of express abandonment the applicants.</li> </ul>	which is signed by the	e attorney or agent of recor	d, the assignee of the entire in	terest, or all of
<ol> <li>The letter of express abandonment</li> <li>1.34(a)) upon the filing of a continu</li> </ol>		attorney or agent (acting i	n a representative capacity und	der 37 CFR
<ol> <li>The decision by the Board of Pater of the decision has expired and the</li> </ol>			nd because the period for seek	ing court review
7.  The reason(s) below:		Kathi	Matecki KATHY MATECKI	
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Petitions to revive under 37 CFR 1.137(a) or (	b), or requests to withdra	aw the holding of abandonmen	t under 37 CFR 1.181, should be p	promptly filed to

minimize any negative effects on patent term.
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office
PTOL-1432 (Rev. 04-01)